

Titanium (Unalloyed Titanium)

Titanium Industries, Inc. (T.I.) 18 Green Pond Road Rockaway, NJ 07866 USA t: (+1) (973) 983-1185

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Section 1: Identification

1a. Product Identifier: Titanium or Commercially Pure (CP) Titanium or Unalloyed Titanium
1b. Other means of identification: Titanium as noted in ASTM & AMS Specifications
1c. Name, address and phone number of supplier of safety data sheet :

Titanium Industries, Inc. 18 Green Pond Road Rockaway, New Jersey 07866 973-983-1185

1d. Emergency Phone Number: Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300 (USA) 1e.

Recommended use of Titanium and restrictions on use: Titanium Distribution

Section 2: Hazard(s) Identification

703-527-3887 (outside USA)

2a. Classification: This chemical is not considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (28 CFR 1910.1200) This SDS is written for unalloyed titanium articles supplied in the solid form and not subject to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 and is not subject to classification under CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

2b. Precautionary Statement: Airborne particulate may cause damage to the respiratory tract, liver, and kidney through repeated or prolonged inhalation. When product is subject to welding, burning, melting, sawing, brazing, grinding, buffing, polishing, or other heat generating processes, potentially hazardous airborne particles and/or fumes may be generated.

2c. Hazards not otherwise classified: None known

2d. Unknown toxicity statement: None known

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

3a. Chemical Name, common name , synonyms, CAS/EC number, ide ntifiers, concentrations

CAS – Chemical Abstract Service EC – European Community

Titanium contains small amounts of t race elements in addition to those lis ed herein. The small amounts are r eferred to as 'trace elements that are generated from the raw materials being used.

Chemical identity of regulated substances under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Haz ard Communication Standard)

Chemical Name	CAS Number	EC Number	Weight %		
Titanium	7440-32-6	231-142-3	90-98%		
Soction 4: First Aid Moasuros					

Section 4: First-Aid Measures

4a. Necessary first aid instructions:

Inhalation: In the event dust particulate, fumes or smoke is inhaled during processing, move to fresh air and consult a qualified health professional if feeling ill.

Skin Contact: In case of an allergic skin reaction, seek a qualified health professional.

Eye Contact: In the event dust particulate enters the eye, flush eyes repeatedly and seek a qualified medical professional if condition persists. **Ingestion:** Not a suspected route of exposure however if during processing, dust particulates are ingested and conditions exist, seek a qualified medical professional.

4b. Description of most important symptoms or effects:

Respiratory System- operations such as welding, burning, sawing, brazing, machining and grinding may irate the respiratory tract, see section 8

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

5a. Recommendations of suitable extinguishing equipment: Titanium is not flammable as distributed but is flammable in the form of fines and turnings resulting from processing. In this case the recommended extinguishing media would be to use a Class D Dry Powder fire extinguisher. **5b. Recommendations of unsuitable extinguishing equipment:** DO NOT SPRAY WATER on burning particulate.

5c. Specific hazards arising from titanium: Dust, turnings, or fines may ignite when presented with an ignition source.

5d. Special PPE and precautions for firefighters: MSHA/NIOSH approved SCBA apparatus and full typical firefighting protective gear.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

6a. Personal precautions and protective equipment: Not applicable in solid state. If dust or turnings are accumulated, personnel are recommended to wear appropriated PPE to protect against airborne particulate coming in contact with the respiratory tract, eyes or skin. **6b. Emergency procedures:** Use personal protective gear as required



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6c. Methods and materials used for containment: Not applicable as distributed **6d. Cleanup procedures:** Use personal protective gear as required

Section 7: Handling and Storage

7a. Precautions for safe handling: Not applicable as distributed. Dust, turnings, or small particulate should be handled in a manner to protect against eye or skin contact by utilizing gloves and/or breathing masks where required.

7b. Recommendations on the conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities: Not applicable as distributed however for small fines, turnings, etc... keep away from ignition sources.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8a. Occupational exposure limits:						
Titanium	15 mg/m ³ (TiO ₂ , total dust)	10 mg/m ³ (TiO ₂)	LFC (TiO ₂) ⁵	5000 mg/m ³		
				(TiO ₂)		

NE - None Established

- OSHA PELs (Permissible Exposure Limits) are 8-hour TWA (time weighted average) concentration unless otherwise noted. A ("C") designation denotes a ceiling limit, which should not be exceeded during any part of the working exposure unless otherwise noted. A Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL) is defined as a 15 minute exposure, which should not be exceeded at any time during a work day.
- Threshold Limit Values (TLV) established by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) are 8-hour TWA concentrations unless otherwise noted. ACGIH TLVs are for guidance purposes only and as such are not legal, regulatory limits for compliance purposes.
- 3. The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Recommended Exposure Limits (NIOSH-REL): Compendium of Policy and Statements, NIOSH, Cincinnati, Oh (1992). NIOSH is the federal agency designated to conduct research relative to occupational safety and health. As is the case with ACGIH TLVs, NIOSH RELs are for guideline purposes only and as such are not legal, regulatory limits for compliance purposes.
- The "immediately dangerous to life or health air concentration values (IDLHs) are used by NIOSH as part of respirator selection criteria and were first developed in the mid 1970s by NIOSH. The documentation for Immediately Dangerous to Life of Health Concentrations (IDLHs) is a compilation of the rationale and sources of information used by NIOSH during the original determination of 387 IDLHs and their subsequent review and revision in 1994.
 LFC- Lowest Feasible Concentration, refer to Section 11, Toxicological Information.

8b. Appropriate engineering controls: Use controls as appropriate to minimize exposure to metal fumes and dusts during handling operations. Provide general or local exhaust ventilation systems to minimize airborne concentrations. Local exhaust is necessary for use in enclosed or confined spaces. Provide sufficient general/local exhaust ventilation in pattern/volume to control inhalation exposures below current exposure limits.

8c. Recommendations for personal protective equipment (PPE):

Respiratory Protection: Limit exposure to airborne particulate. Follow OSHA respiratory regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and, if necessary, use only a NIOSH-approved respirator. Select respirator based on its suitability to provide adequate worker protection for given working conditions. Half-face, negative-pressure, air-purifying respirator equipped with P100 filter is acceptable for concentrations up to 10 times the exposure limit. Full-face, negative-pressure, air-purifying respirator equipped with P100 filter is acceptable for concentrations up to 50 times the exposure limit. Protection from air-purifying negative-pressure and powered air respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure-demand, full face, supplier air respirator, or self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for concentrations above 50 times the exposure limit. If exposure is above the IDLH (Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health) for any of the constituents, or there is a possibility of an uncontrolled release or exposure levels are unknown, then use a positive-demand, full-face, supplied air respirator with escape bottle of SCBA.

Warning! Air purifying respirators, both negative-pressure, and powered air do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres. Eyes: Wear appropriate eye protection to prevent eye contact. For operations, which result in elevated temperature of the product to or above its melting point or result in the generation of airborne particulates, use safety glasses or goggles to prevent eye contact. Contact lenses should not be worn where industrial exposures to this material are likely. Use appropriate eye protection as required for welding, burning, sawing, brazing, grinding or machining operations.

Skin: For operations which result in elevating the temperature of the product to or above its melting point, or result in the generation of airborne particulates, use eye protection, protective clothing, and gloves to prevent skin contact. Protective gloves and eye protection should be worn as required for welding, burning, or handling operations.

Other protective equipment: An eyewash station or shower should be readily available in the work area when operations which could result in fumes and or particulates are being performed.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

- 9a. Appearance (physical state, color, etc...): Solid silver gray metal
 9b. Odor: Odorless
 9c. pH NA
 9d. Melting point >2800°F
- 9f. Vapor density (air = 1): N/A
- 9g. pH: N/A
- **9h. Relative density:** 5-6 (H₂o =1)
- 9i. Viscosity N/A



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9j. Solubility: Water insoluble

9k. Flash point: N/A

91. Evaporation rate: N/A

9m.Flamability (solid/gas): Non flammable, non combustible

N/A – Not applicable

ND - Not determined

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

10a. Reactivity: Not determined (ND) for titanium in solid form

10b. Chemical stability: Titanium products are stable under normal storage and handling conditions

10c. Possibilities of hazardous reactions: None Known

10d. Conditions that should be avoided: Storage with strong acids or calcium hypochlorite

10e. Classes of incompatible materials: Molten titanium may react violently with water

Section 11: Toxicological Information

11a. Toxicological information for titanium has not been established for this product as sold. However, processing of this product in operations such as high temperature (welding, burning), sawing, brazing, machining, and grinding may produce fumes or airborne particulates. Notes:

a. No LC₅₀ or LD₅₀ has been established for Titanium semi or finished products.

b. No Skin (Dermal) Irritation No data is available for Titanium

c. No Eye Irritation No data is available for Titanium.

- d. No Skin (Dermal) Sensitization No data is available for Titanium
- e. No Germ Cell Mutagenicity No data is available for Titanium
- f. Carcinogenicity: IARC, NTP, and OSHA do not list Titanium as a carcinogen.
- h. No Toxic Reproduction data available for Titanium

Section 12: Ecological Information (non-mandatory)

12a. Hazard Category: Not reported

12b. Hazard Symbol: No symbol

12c. Signal Word: No signal word

12d. Hazard Statement: No hazard statement

12e. Ecotoxicity: No data available for titanium semi or finished product.

12f. Mobility: No data available for titanium

12g. Persistence and Degradability: No data available

12h. Bioaccumulative Potential: No data available

The listings and regulations relating to a titanium product may not be complete and should not be solely relied upon for all regulatory compliance responsibilities.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations (non-mandatory)

13a. Disposal: Titanium scrap should be recycled whenever possible. Dust and fumes from processing operations should also be recycled, or classified by a competent environmental professional and disposed of in accordance with applicable federal, state or local regulations.
13b. Container Cleaning and Disposal: The product as supplied does not posses characteristics which qualify as hazardous waste. Following processing and use, resulting titanium powders, turnings, fines and/or swarf will impact cleaning and disposal and should be evaluated by a competent environmental professional.

Note: The information is for Titanium in solid form. Any alterations can void this information.

Section 14: Transport Information (non-mandatory)

Transportation Information: The following listings of regulations relating to titanium product may not be complete and should not be solely relied upon for all regulatory compliance requirements.

The US Department of Transportation (DOT) under 49 CFR 172 does not regulate titanium as a hazardous material. All federal, state and local laws and regulations that apply to the transport of this type of material must be adhered to.

Shipping Name: N/A	Packaging Authorizations	Quantity Limitations
Shipping Symbols: N/A	a) Exceptions: N/A	a) Passenger, Aircraft or Railcar: N/A
Hazard Class: N/A	b) Group: N/A	b) Cargo Aircraft Only: N/A
UN No.: N/A	c) Authorization: N/A	Vessel Stowage Requirements
Packing Group: N/A		a) Vessel Stowage: N/A
DOT/IMO Label: N/A		b) Other: N/A
Special Provisions (172.102): N/A		DOT Reportable Quantities: N/A



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International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) and the Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID)						
classification, packaging, and shipping requirements follow the US Department of Transportation Hazardous Materials Regulation.						
Regulations the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) does not regulate titanium as a hazardous material.						
Shipping Name: N/A		Packaging			ntainers and Bulk Containers	
Classification Code: N/A		a) Packing Instructions:	N/A	a) Instructio	ons: N.A	
UN No.: N/A		b) Special Packaging Pr		b) Special P	rovisions: N/A	
Packing Group: N/A		c) Mixed Packaging Pro	visions: N/A			
ADR Label: N/A						
Special Provisions: N/A						
Limited Quantities: N/A						
Intern	ational Air Transpo	ort Association (ITA) doe	es not regulate titanium a	s a hazardou	ıs material	
Shipping Name: N/A	Passenger a	and Cargo Aircraft	Cargo Aircraft Only Pkg		Special Provisions: N/A	
Class/Division: N/A	Limited Qu	antity (EQ)	Instructions: N/A		ERG Code: N/A	
Hazard Label: N/A			Max Net Qty/Pkg: N/A			
UN No.: N/A Packing Group: N/A	Packaging I Max Net Qt					
Excepted Quantities (EQ): N/A	Max Net Q	ly/1 kg. 19/A				
	Max Net Otv/Pkg	– determined by the fi	eight carrier capability			
Transport Dangerous Goods		•		tion.		
The point 2 angerous 60000	· · · ·					
	Section 1	5. Regulatory into	ormation (non-ma	nuatoryj		
Regulatory information: The following listing of regulations relating to titanium product may not be complete and should not be solely relied upon for all regulatory compliance responsibilities. This product and/or its constituents are subjected to the following regulations:						
OSHA Regulations: Air Conta	minant (29 CFR 1	910.1000, Table Z-1, Z-	2, Z-3): Titanium is not l	isted.		
Regulations						
SWDA, SARA 313						
SARA 313						
CAA, CWA, SARA 313, CE	RCLA, RCRA, SE	OWA				
SDWA	· ·					
CERCLA, CWA, SARA 313	RCDA, SDWA					
SARA Potential Hazard Cate		e Acute Health Hazard: I	Delaved Chronic Health H	lazard		
Regulations Key	8					
CAA – Clean Air Act (42 USC Sec.	. 7412: 40 CFR Part	61 [as of 8/2/2006])				
-	-			9603(a), 40 CI	FR sec.302.4, Table 302.4 and App. A)	
CWA – Clean Water Act (33 USC Secs. 1311;1314(b), (c), (e), (g); 136(b), (c); 137(b), (c) [as of 8/2/2006])						
RCRA – Resource Conservation Recovery Act (42 USC Sec.6921;40 CFR Part 261 App. VIII)						
SARA – Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (42 USC secs. 11023, 13106; 40 CFR Sec.372.65) and section 313 Toxic Chemicals (42 USC secs. 11023, 13106; 40 CFR sec. 372.65 [as of 6/30/2005])						
TSCA – Toxic Substance Control Act (15 U.S.C.s/s 2601 et seq.[1976])						
SDWA – Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C.s/s 300f et seq. [1974])						
This information should be included in all SDS's that are copied and distributed for this material						
State Regulations: Titanium is not listed in any state regulations. However, individual components of the product are listed in various state						
regulations:						
California Prop. 65: Titanium semi or finished product may contain trace elements, generally much less than 0.1% of metallic elements known						
to the state of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.						
New Jersey: Contains regulated material in the following categories:						
Hazardous Substance List: Titanium, Molybdenum, Vanadium, Aluminum (dust and fume), and Nickel						
Environmental Hazards: Not Listed						
Other Regulations: WHMIS Classification (Canadian):						
Ingredients V	VHMIS Classifica	ation				
	026					
This product has been classified	l in accordance wi	th the hazard criteria of	the Controlled Products R	legulations a	nd the SDS contains all the	
information required by the cor	trolled Products R	legulations.				



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Section 16: Other Information Idea Hazard 1 Image: Internation Internatio Internation I

16b. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)

Health-1 Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual injury even if no treatment is given Flammability-0 Materials that will not burn Instability-0 Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water

DISCLAIMER:

The data in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of this publication. All information, recommendations and suggestions concerning the product are based on data believed to be reliable. It is the user's responsibility to determine the safety, toxicity and suitability for their own use of the product. The information given is a guideline for safe handling, use processing, storage, transportation and disposal. Since the applications of the product is beyond our control, no guarantee or warranty is expressed or implied is made by Titanium Industries Inc. It is the user's responsibility to comply with all federal, state and local regulations. This SDS is not intended to serve as a complete regulatory compliance document.